

Spring '01 - Exam 1

- (1) (10 pts) Evaluate the limit

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1-x}{1-\sqrt{x}}$$

showing all your steps clearly.

- (2) (10 pts) Calculate the derivative $f'(x)$ of the function $f(x) = 1/x^2$ directly from the definition.

- (3) (10 pts) You are given the function

$$g(x) = \frac{(1-2x)(1-x)}{(x-2)(x+1)}.$$

- (a) Find the equations of all the (horizontal and vertical) asymptotes of the graph.
 (b) Draw the graph of $g(x)$, showing clearly the x -intercepts, y -intercepts and all the asymptotes.

- (4) (10 pts) Consider the function

$$h(t) = \begin{cases} 1 + e^t, & t < 0 \\ t + 2, & 0 \leq t \leq 3 \\ 6 - \frac{3}{t}, & t > 3. \end{cases}$$

- (a) Find all points at which $h(t)$ is discontinuous. Explain.
 (b) Find all points at which $h(t)$ is not differentiable. Explain.
 (c) Draw the graph, clearly labeling these non-smooth points.

- (5) (10 pts) Find the equation of the tangent line to the graph of $y = 1 - 2x + 3x^2$ at the point $(1, 2)$.

- (6) (10 pts) Let $h(x)$ be differentiable for all x and let $f(x) = (kx + e^x)h(x)$ where k is some constant. Supposing that

$$h(0) = 5, h'(0) = -2, \text{ and } f'(0) = 18,$$

find the value of the constant k .

- (7) (10 pts)

- (a) Calculate the derivative of the function $f(x) = xe^x$.
 (b) If $f(x)$ is as above, and

$$g(x) = \frac{f(x)}{x^2 + 1},$$

find $g'(x)$.