Math 300 Section 1

Midterm 1

Spring 2017

Name:_____

(15 points) Let P and Q be statements. Find the truth tables of the following statements and use them to determine if they are equivalent.
i) P ⇒ Q.
ii) (NOT P) OR (NOT Q) ⇒ (NOT P).

2. (10 points) Let the universe of discourse be the real numbers. Prove the following statement: $\forall \epsilon > 0 \ \exists \delta > 0, \ |x - 2| < \delta \Rightarrow |3x - 6| < \epsilon.$

3. (10 points) Let the universe of discourse be the real numbers. Write first the contrapositive and then the converse of the following statement. If $x^2 + y^2 = 25$, then $|x| \le 5$.

4. (15 points) Let S and T be sets. Prove or give a counter example. $S \cup T = T \Leftrightarrow (S \subset T)$. Hint: Write the definition of $S \cup T$ in the form $S \cup T = \{x : \text{ some condition involving } x, S, \text{ and } T\}$. Then use the membership condition in your answer. 5. (10 points) How many positive common divisors do 600 and 4500 have? Justify your answer!

6. (10 points) Prove that gcd(a, c) = 1 and gcd(b, c) = 1 if and only if gcd(ab, c) = 1.

7. (15 points) a) Use the Extended Euclidean Algorithm (E.E.A) to find a particular solution of the equation $57x + 12y = \gcd(57, 12)$. (Credit will be given only if the E.E.A is used).

b) Find all the integer solutions of the equation 57x + 12y = 300. Show all your work.

c) Find all positive integer solutions of the equation 57x + 12y = 300.

8. (15 points) Use induction to prove the following inequality for all positive integers n.

$$\frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \dots + \frac{1}{2^n} \ge 1 + \frac{n}{2}.$$

Hint: The left hand side is the sum $\sum_{k=1}^{2^n} \frac{1}{k}$ of 2^n terms, so when *n* is increased by 1 the number of terms gets multiplied by 2.