

Math 235 Practice Final Exam

Q1.

- (a) Consider the following 3×5 matrix A :

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 6 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 4 & -2 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

Find a basis of $\text{Col}(A)$ and a basis of $\text{Row}(A)$.

- (b) Suppose B is a 4×6 matrix. If the homogeneous equation $B\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}$ has 3 free variables, is $\text{Col}(B)$ equal to \mathbb{R}^4 ? Justify your answer carefully.
- (c) Let C be a 3×7 matrix. Suppose in an echelon form of C , the first two rows are non-zero rows and the last row is a zero row. What are the dimensions of $\text{Col}(C)$ and $\text{Nul}(C)$?

Q2. Let $T = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$.

- (a) Find a diagonal matrix D that is similar to T . Justify your answer.
- (b) Construct an invertible 2×2 matrix P such that $T = PDP^{-1}$, where D is the matrix from Part (a).

Q3. Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (a) Find the characteristic equation of A .
- (b) Find the dimension of each eigenspace of A .
- (c) Is A diagonalizable? Justify your answer.

Q4. Consider the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 \\ 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$.

- (a) Find the eigenvalues of A .
- (b) Find an invertible matrix P such that $A = PCP^{-1}$ for some rotation-scaling matrix C (i.e., $C = \begin{bmatrix} a & -b \\ b & a \end{bmatrix}$ for some real numbers a, b).

Q5. Let $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$. Find a basis of $(\text{Col } B)^\perp$ and a basis of $(\text{Nul } B)^\perp$.

Q6. Consider the vectors

$$\mathbf{u}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{u}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{u}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix},$$

and let $W = \text{Span}\{\mathbf{u}_1, \mathbf{u}_2\}$.

- (a) Show that the collection $\{\mathbf{u}_1, \mathbf{u}_2, \mathbf{u}_3\}$ is an orthogonal basis of \mathbb{R}^3 .
- (b) Find $\text{proj}_W \mathbf{y}$, the orthogonal projection of \mathbf{y} onto W .
- (c) Compute the distance between \mathbf{y} and $L = \text{Span}\{\mathbf{u}_3\}$.