

Homework 1.1

Stat 605, Fall 2018

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Due Thursday, September 13

Consider an infinite sequence of coin flips, and recall the notation introduced in class: Let

$$\Omega = \{\text{H}, \text{T}\}^{\mathbb{N}}$$

be the outcome space. For each $i \in \mathbb{N}$ define the random variable

$$X_i : \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \text{ by } X_i(\omega) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } \omega_i = \text{H}, \text{ and} \\ 0 & \text{if } \omega_i = \text{T}, \end{cases}$$

and for each $N \in \mathbb{N}$ define

$$S_N : \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \text{ by } S_N(\omega) = \sum_{i=1}^N X_i(\omega).$$

Let \mathcal{C} be the collection of cylinder sets; that is, sets of the form

$$\mathcal{C}_{i_1, \dots, i_M} = \{i_1\} \times \dots \times \{i_M\} \times \{\text{H}, \text{T}\} \times \{\text{H}, \text{T}\} \times \dots \subset \Omega$$

for some $M \in \mathbb{N}$ and $i_1, \dots, i_M \in \{\text{H}, \text{T}\}$.

Problem 1. Fix $k, M \in \mathbb{N}$. Define

$$D := \left\{ \omega \in \Omega : \text{for all } N \geq M, \left| S_N(\omega)/N - \frac{1}{2} \right| < \frac{1}{k} \right\}$$

Let \mathcal{F} be a σ -algebra of subsets of Ω , and assume that $\mathcal{C} \subset \mathcal{F}$. Prove that $D \in \mathcal{F}$. Hint: Show that D is a countable intersection of sets in \mathcal{C} .

Problem 2. Let

$$E := \left\{ \omega \in \Omega : \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} S_N(\omega)/N = \frac{1}{2} \right\}.$$

Let \mathcal{F} be a σ -algebra of subsets of Ω , and assume that $\mathcal{C} \subset \mathcal{F}$. Prove that $E \in \mathcal{F}$. Hint: Write E in terms of events like D using only countable unions and intersections.