Math Modelling

## HW 1, due Thursday Feb 7

- 1. You flip 3 fair coins which are either H(eads) or T(ails). List all the elements in the the sample space. Find the probability that you flip exactly 2 heads. Compute the expected number of heads using two methods: sum over the sample space and sum over the number of possible heads.
- 2. A deck of 52 cards has 13 hearts. What is the probability the first 3 cards are hearts? If the first card is a heart, what is the probability the next 2 cards are hearts? If the first 2 cards are hearts, what is the probability the next card is a heart?
- 3. Consider events A and B. Suppose  $P(A|B) = P(A|\overline{B})$ . Show that A and B are independent.
- 4. Consider events A and B. Let C be the event that where either A occurs or B occurs, but not both. Show  $P(C) = P(A) + P(B) 2P(A \cap B)$ .
- 5. Consider events A and B. Suppose P(A) = 0.2, P(B) = 0.3 and  $P(A \cup B) = 0.4$ . Compute  $P(A \cap B)$  and  $P(\overline{A}|B)$ .
- 6. A cat has a litter of kittens. Each kitten has a 50% chance of being female and 50% chance of being male. Let A the event that there is at most one female. Let B be the event that the litter contains both sexes. Are A and B independent? Explain.
- 7. There are two methods, A and B to teach Math 456. Method A works for 80% of the students and method B for 90%. B takes more work on the instructor's part and is thus used only 30% of the time math 456 is taught. Mike took 456 but the class did not work for him. What is the probability Mike was taught 456 using method A?
- 8. The population is 40% Whigs and 60% Tories. 30% of Whigs favor wearing wigs and 70% of Tories favor wearing wigs. A randomly chosen person is found to favor wearing a wig. Find the conditional probability that this person is a Whig.
- 9. Let Y be a random variable who probability density function is given by  $P(Y = y) = \frac{y}{10}$  when y is an integer between 1 and n inclusive. What should n be for this to be valid probability density function? Compute  $E(Y), V(Y), E(17Y \pi)$  and E(1/Y).
- 10. 10% of bottles produced at a factory have cracks. If two bottles are selected, find the mean and variance of the number of cracked bottles selected.