Homological algebra, Homework 9



The first filtration of the total complex of a bicomplex For a bicomplex (B, d', d'') consider the first decreasing filtration 'F by sub-bicomplexes 'F_iB where

$$(F_iB)^{pq} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cc} B^{pq} & if \quad p \ge 0, \\ 0 & otherwise. \end{array} \right\}$$

(on erases the part of B which is on the left from the i^{th} column). The induced filtration on Tot(B) is

$$['F_iTot(B)]^n \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} Tot('F_iB)^n = \bigoplus_{p+q=n, \ p \ge i} B^{p,q} \subseteq Tot(B)^n = \bigoplus_{p+q=n} B^{p,q}.$$

The induced filtration on cohomology is

$${}^{\prime}F_{p}\mathrm{H}^{n}(Tot \ B) \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \mathrm{Im}[\mathrm{H}^{n}(Tot[{}^{\prime}F_{p}B]) \to \mathrm{H}^{n}(Tot[B])],$$

therefore, the cohomology groups are extensions of the graded pieces

$$'Gr_i[\operatorname{H}^n(Tot B)] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \frac{'F_i\operatorname{H}^n(Tot B)}{'F_{i+1}\operatorname{H}^n(Tot B)}$$

Spectral sequence of the first filtration.

Problem 1. Use the first filtration on Tot(B) to construct a spectral sequence 'E such that

(1) ${}^{\prime}E_0^{p,q} = B^{p,q}$

(2)
$$'E_1^{p,q} = "H^{p,q}(B)$$

(3)
$$'E_2^{p,q} = '\mathrm{H}^p[''\mathrm{H}^{\bullet,q}(B)]$$

(4) If B is a first quadrant bicomplex (i.e., $B^{pq} = 0$ unless $p, q \ge 0$, then 'E is a first quadrant spectral sequence converging to

$${}^{\prime}E^{p,q}_{\infty} = Gr_p[\mathrm{H}^{p+q}(Tot \ B)].$$

Remark. The lecture notes construct a spectral sequence for any filtration. Here, you are asked to apply this construction to the special case when the complex is of the form Tot(B) and the filtration comes from the first filtration of the bicomplex B.

Problem 2. What is the formula for ${}^{\prime}E_r^{pq}$?

Problem 3. Show that if 'E degenerates at 'E₂ then we recover the constituents of $H^n(Tot B)$ from partial cohomologies of B by

$$Gr_{\bullet}[\operatorname{H}^{n}(Tot B)] \cong \bigoplus_{p+q=n} \operatorname{'H}^{p}[\operatorname{''}\operatorname{H}^{\bullet,n-p}(B).$$