## Math 235 Practice Midterm 1.

Instructions: Exam time is 2 hours. You are allowed one sheet of notes (letter-size paper, both sides). Calculators, the textbook, and additional notes are not allowed. Justify all your answers carefully.

## Q1.

(a) Compute the reduced row echelon form of the matrix

$$
A=\left[\begin{array}{cccc}
1 & 3 & -1 & 1 \\
1 & 5 & -3 & 1 \\
-2 & -4 & 0 & -1 \\
3 & 5 & 1 & 7
\end{array}\right]
$$

(b) Is the matrix $A$ invertible?
(c) Which entries are pivot entries?
(d) When solving the equation $A \mathbf{x}=\mathbf{b}$ with this $A$, which of the following are possible: there are no solutions, there is one unique solution, there are infinitely many solutions. Justify your answer.

Q2. Let $A=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & -3\end{array}\right]$ and $\mathbf{b}=\left[\begin{array}{l}4 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 1\end{array}\right]$.
(a) Find the general solution of the equation $A \mathbf{x}=\mathbf{b}$. Write your solution in vector form.
(b) Using your answer to part (a) or otherwise, find the general solution of the equation $A \mathrm{x}=\mathbf{0}$.
(c) Does the equation $A \mathbf{x}=\mathbf{c}$ have a solution for every vector $\mathbf{c}$ in $\mathbb{R}^{4}$ ? Justify your answer carefully.

Q3. Consider the vectors

$$
\mathbf{v}_{1}=\left[\begin{array}{l}
1 \\
1 \\
3
\end{array}\right], \quad \mathbf{v}_{2}=\left[\begin{array}{l}
1 \\
7 \\
4
\end{array}\right], \quad \mathbf{v}_{3}=\left[\begin{array}{l}
1 \\
3 \\
6
\end{array}\right]
$$

(a) Are the vectors $\mathbf{v}_{1}, \mathbf{v}_{2}, \mathbf{v}_{3}$ linearly independent?
(b) Do the vectors $\mathbf{v}_{1}, \mathbf{v}_{2}, \mathbf{v}_{3}$ span $\mathbb{R}^{3}$ ?

Justify your answers carefully.

## Q4.

(a) Let $S: \mathbb{R}^{2} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{2}$ be the linear transformation that projects onto the $y$-axis and then rotates clockwise by $\pi / 4$ radians. Find the standard matrix of $S$. Is $S$ one-to-one? Is $S$ onto?
(b) Let $T: \mathbb{R}^{2} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{3}$ be the linear transformation that maps $T\left(\mathbf{e}_{1}\right)=\left[\begin{array}{l}1 \\ 1 \\ 7\end{array}\right]$ and $T\left(\mathbf{e}_{2}\right)=\left[\begin{array}{l}3 \\ 2 \\ 1\end{array}\right]$. Write the matrix corresponding to $T$. Is $T$ one-toone? Is $T$ onto?

Q5.
(a) Compute the inverse of the matrix

$$
A=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}
1 & 1 & 2 \\
2 & 3 & 7 \\
-1 & 1 & 5
\end{array}\right]
$$

(b) Using your answer to part (a) or otherwise, solve the system of linear equations

$$
\begin{array}{r}
x_{1}+x_{2}+2 x_{3}=2 \\
2 x_{1}+3 x_{2}+7 x_{3}=3 \\
-x_{1}+x_{2}+5 x_{3}=5
\end{array}
$$

Q6. Consider the equation $B C(2 A-3 X) D E=F$ for an unknown $n \times n$ matrix $X$. Assume that $A, B, C, D, E$, and $F$ are all invertible $n \times n$ matrices.
(a) Write a solution $X$ in terms of $A, B, C, D, E$, and $F$. Is this solution unique? Explain why or why not.
(b) Can we allow any of the matrices $A, B, C, D, E$, or $F$ to be singular and still guarantee that a solution $X$ exists? Justify your answer.

